

## The Intelligencer.

Office: Nos. 25 and 27 Fourteenth Street.

Don Lewis Baker demand and receive \$500 from Col. Ben Wilson in the last Congressional canvass?

Is his long career as an editor Lewis Baker has no other or better reputation than that of an unscrupulous and insatiable political blood sucker.

No man in the city of Wheeling does Lewis Baker more than the late Gen. Pannell. And yet Baker seeks to use the man dead whom he could never use alive.

Does Lewis Baker come out and tell the mass of money that he has extorted from Democratic candidates for office in this State? Dare he tell how much he has received from Col. Ben. Wilson, Henry G. Davis and Johnson N. Camden?

"Dead men tell no tales." This account for Lewis Baker's convenient story about putting his books and accounts as Chairman of the Executive Committee in the late Gen. Pannell's hands. Dishonesty and mendacity are generally found in the same person, and they meet to the full in Lewis Baker.

When the Democratic committee went to settle with Lewis Baker four years ago they found his charges so extortionate that they promptly refused payment, and made him discontinue the bill handsomely before they would pay him. This is but one instance of the man's whole career here as a dishonest blood sucker on his party.

A large number of the people of Wheeling—all who know the man—were pained yesterday to hear of the death of Major Richard Savage, a biographical sketch of whom appears in our local columns this morning. He was a most estimable citizen, highly esteemed by a large circle of friends and acquaintances, and his death is deeply deplored. The sad event cast a gloom over many hearts. The Major was the model of a genial and kind hearted gentleman, and his place of business on Market street was his known for his pleasant social life. His stricken family have the sympathy of his many warmly attached friends.

### THE PARKERSBURG RESOLUTION

In regard to Lewis Baker, introduced into the Congressional Convention in this city in 1876.

WHEREAS, it has been openly charged by a member of the present Democratic State Executive Committee of West Virginia, that Lewis Baker, the present secretary of said committee, has been guilty of appropriating to his own use, the sum of \$1,000, contributed to our party for campaign purposes, and that he failed to pay to the Ohio County Democratic Executive Committee, the sum of \$250—contributed and placed in his hands for its use, until he was threatened with exposure; Therefore be it

Resolved, That it is the desire of the convention that proper steps be taken to investigate these charges, and if they are found to be true that he be relieved of his appointment as such secretary.

### Our Offer Renewed.

Baker returned yesterday to his old trick of talking about the INTELLIGENCER's depleted subscription list. Now the old fraud must put up or shut up on this point. We hereby renew our former offer to him in regard to the relative circulation of the two dailies. Or, if he prefers, we will give him a new offer, as follows:

Fifty dollars that the DAILY INTELLIGENCER has more subscribers to-day than it had one year ago.

Fifty dollars that it has as many as the Daily Register.

Fifty dollars that it has fifteen per cent. more.

Fifty dollars that it has twenty-five per cent. more.

The money to go to the Children's Home, wherever losses.

All the offers to be accepted together.

### Mr. Hearne's Unwisdom in regard to Lewis Baker.

WHEREAS, the Democratic party of this State have long felt the want of a reliable organ or newspaper to represent said party, and

WHEREAS, the Register, claiming to represent that party, has been for years past conducted in such a way, apparently, as to have for its sole and exclusive object the acquisition of money by its proprietors, without any true and proper regard to the general interests of the party; and

WHEREAS, on account of its notorious delinquencies and short-comings our party has been, and is now at a great disadvantage in our political canvasses and contests; and

WHEREAS, this canvas is composed of representative gentlemen of the Democratic party, from all parts of the State, having in true interests at heart, it may properly take cognizance of all matters of vital importance;

Therefore be it resolved, 1, That the Wheeling Register has forfeited the confidence of the Democracy of West Virginia, and does not deserve its patronage or support.

2, That we who are here assembled recommend the establishment of a reliable Democratic newspaper at Wheeling, and do hereby pledge ourselves to use all proper means in our power to support such a paper, and make it a success.

Ever since Lewis Baker came to Wheeling, his paper has been noted for occasional outbursts, as of the lowest scurrility. The Hon. C. D. Hut, "hard struck" the proper proportion of this "it" when a few nights ago he spoke of a recent "series" of bad lines in the paper as a "disgrace" of civilization and an outrage on common humanity." The large audience who listened to his remark showed their approval of it by repeated cheers, and by the fact that they would not be satisfied until he

## DEPUTY MARSHALS BILL.

The President Vetoed the Bill Regulating the Pay and Appointment of Deputy Marshals—What will be the Course of the Democrats Now?

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The President sent the following veto message to the Senate to-day:

"After mature consideration of the bill entitled 'An act regulating the pay and appointment of Deputy Marshals,' I am constrained to withhold from it my approval, and to return it to the Senate, in which it originated, with my objections to its passage. The laws now in force on the subject of the bill before me are contained in the following sections of the Revised Statutes:

Sec. 2021.—Whenever an election at which representatives or delegates in Congress are to be chosen is held in any city or town of 20,000 inhabitants or upwards, the marshal for the district in which such city or town is situated, shall, on application in writing, of at least two citizens residing in such city or town to appoint a special deputy marshal whose duty it shall be, when required thereto, to aid and assist supervisors of elections, verification of any list of persons who may have been registered or voted to attend at each election district or voting precinct at times and places when and where registration may by law be scrutinized and names registered, voters be examined, and to attend at all times for holding elections at the polls in such district or precincts.

Sec. 2022.—The marshal and his general deputies shall keep the peace, and support and protect the supervisors of elections in the discharge of their duties, preserve order at such places of registration, and at such polls prevent fraudulent registration and fraudulent voting thereat, or fraudulent conduct on the part of any officer of elections, and immediately either at the place of registration or polling places or elsewhere, and either before or after the registration or voting, to arrest and take into custody, with or without process, any person who commits, or attempts or threatens to commit, any act or crime prohibited herein, or who commits any offense against the laws of the United States, but no person shall be arrested without process for any offense not committed in the presence of the Marshal, or his general or special deputies, or either of them, or of the supervisors of elections or either of them, and for the purposes of arrest or preservation of peace, the supervisors of elections shall in the absence of the Marshal, or his general or special deputies, have the same duties and powers as deputy Marshals. Nor shall any person on the day of such election be arrested without process for any offense committed on the day of such election.

Mr. Davis of West Virginia, proceeded to speak in support of the bill, and read a memorial on Treasury books and accounts. Mr. Cameron, of Wis., moved to take up the bill for the relief of Ben. Holladay. Mr. Cameron renewed his motion, and a debate ensued.

Mr. Blount submitted the report of the Conference Committee on the Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill, a statement which accompanies the report sets forth the effect of the action of the Committee on Senate Amendments, and was read in full. The bill as it passed the House appropriated \$215,664.74; the Senate amendments amounted to \$1,267,248, from which the House appropriated \$1,773,913. The bill as agreed to by the Conference Committee appropriated \$225,931.71. The clause directing the Secretary of the Treasury to pay the money appropriated in the bill in silver coin, was struck out, and a clause added appropriating \$10,000 for the expenses of the Indian Commission. The report was adopted.

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Mr. Conger declared such a remark scandalous and untrue, and that he would not be a party to it.

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A motion to adjourn was here interposed and immediately the House was in great confusion, owing to the fact that nearly every member of the House was claiming for recognition, few however, were fortunate in obtaining the unanimous consent needed, and those who did had charge merely of some resolution relative to the pay of House employees.

At last, after a long struggle, the House adjourned, after a long struggle, took a recess till to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

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WASHINGTON, PA. June 15. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

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The continued rains of the last twenty-four hours have been the heaviest fall known in this section for years.

The Potomac river is very high, and part of the town is inundated, which will result in considerable damage to property. Thousands of dollars worth of timber have been carried away, and several bridges have been damaged to a considerable extent.

The Cumberland and Piedmont Railroad suffered great losses between here and Lonaconing, Md., in the destruction of bridges. No trains have been running over the road, and traffic will continue to be interrupted until the waters recede.

## Forty-Sixth Congress.

"Henry G." Resolutions Passed by the Senate—A Sweet Struggle in the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15. SENATE.

The conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill was submitted by Mr. Beck, who explained it. The House generally agrees with Senate amendments increasing the appropriations for public buildings. The appropriation for a light house at Stannard's Rock, Lake Superior, was stricken out. Appropriations for bouys on the Mississippi river and Ohio river is compromised at \$40,000; the appropriation for furniture for new courts at Chicago is compromised at \$9,000; the appropriation for the National Board of Health is compromised at about \$100,000. The report was adopted.

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## ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

DEATH OF MAJOR RICHARD SAVAGE—Major Richard Savage, Secretary of the Elina Fire and Marine Insurance Company of this city, died at his residence near Pleasant Valley, yesterday morning, at 9 o'clock, after a painful illness of more than a week.

From a friend who had been with him for many years we learn the following particulars of his former life: Major Savage was born at Wilmington, North Carolina, in 1831, and was 49 years of age. His brothers were engaged in the South American trade, and when he was only eighteen years of age the gold fever broke out in California, and embarking in one of his brothers' vessels he doubled the Cape and reached San Francisco in 1850, where he amassed a very handsome fortune. He then went into the wholesale grocery business, but failed in this venture, and in 1860 went with Capt. Treadwell Moore, A. Q. M., U. S. A., to Benicia, Cal., and when the Commodore, in 1861, went to the Rio Grande, and later on to other points. Major Savage left California in 1862 and arrived in this city in April, 1863, as Chief Clerk to the Quartermaster's office, where he left this city in 1864 to accept a position as chief clerk of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, in which position he continued several years, and while there married Miss Belle, daughter of Dr. John C. Campbell, of this city. Major Savage returned to this city in 1870, and went into the insurance business with W. F. Peterson, with whom he was associated until elected secretary of the Elina Fire and Marine Insurance Company. He has also been secretary of the Wheeling and Elm Grove Railroad Company.

Major Savage has been prominently identified with the Masonic fraternity ever since his residence began among us, and was at the time of his death Grand Master of the Elina Lodge, No. 1, of this city. He was a man of high character, and his death is a great loss to the community.

## NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

RELAIRIE.

The boys of Company D intend to practice target shooting, Adjutant General Gibson having issued an order by which the expense of practice is very greatly reduced. A set of "reloading tools" will be furnished each company of the O. N. G. By this order, also, the best ten marksmen of each company shall constitute the team to contest with other companies for the prizes offered by the State. For the first prize will be given a Ballard rifle and five hundred rounds of ammunition; for the second, a Tolbot rifle and three hundred rounds. These prizes will be held by the winners for one year. The shooting is to be off-hand at two hundred yards, bull's eye eight inches in diameter.

As Nightwatchman James Gill came off his beat Tuesday morning he went for a drink and discovered a man prowling around the yard. Thinking he had no business there the officer took him out and started for the lockup, not thinking it worth while to call for assistance, so he could get his coat and his mace and revolver, which he had laid off in the house. The man jerked away from him and ran, and when pursued presented a revolver. The officer returned, thinking it not much difference; but it was soon discovered that the man had reached through a pair of raised window and drawn out a pair of pants, out of which he had taken a knife and \$7.50 in money. The pants were found under a bench just where the man was seen.

St. Mary's Hall has been refitted until it is scarcely to be recognized, inside or out. Company D will hold a festival there on Friday and Saturday and all should attend. Some features that are not seen at other festivals will be there as the Company does not believe in following a rat. Let Belaire give encouragement now that the company is doing her share and we will yet have a company that is a credit to the city.

Sunday night those living near the West for some time, was in the center of town were almost eaten up with mosquitoes, and the wonder was how did so many come at once. It is now explained. The steamboat Cherokee had been lying here and unloading empty barrels and a great many of the barrels were full of mosquitoes brought out a trip. At another place down the river where the boat stopped the people were nearly devoured.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

A BIT OF WAR BRAVING IN THE ARGENTINE.

Confederation—Lively Times in the English House of Commons—Greek Outrages—General Foreign Notes.

## ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 15.—All the morning papers severely condemn O'Donnell's attack on Callemet Lacon, of the House of Commons. O'Donnell will ask the following questions in the House of Commons on Thursday next: Whether the Foreign Secretary will lay on the table the portion of evidence adduced before the Commission of the National Assembly that related to certain statements alleged to have been given by Callemet Lacon with reference to Mobilities; whether he lay on the table a copy of the judgment of the court at Lyons in the case of the Christian brothers against Callemet Lacon and others; and also a copy of the judgment of the court of Appeal at Dijon, confirming the judgment of the court at Lyons in that case. O'Donnell will also ask Farwell, the Postmaster General, whether he will take any steps to prevent the wholesale circulation in England of the "Dr." containing the gravest charges against Callemet Lacon.

## SOUTH AMERICA.

LONDON, June 15.—It is reported the Presidential election in the Argentine Confederation on the eleventh inst., resulted in the choice of Gen. Roca, Minister of War, whose election was favored by the National Government. The impression prevails that his opponent, Dr. Trujillo, Governor of the Province of Buenos Ayres, will resist the installation of Gen. Roca and possibly declare the secession of Buenos Ayres from the Confederation, which would lead to a civil war.

## TURKEY.

SCUTARIA, June 15.—A correspondent says the Turks still hold that fortress and town. There are six thousand Catholics and fifteen hundred Mussulmans in Tud, under the joint command of Hods Bey and Mirindite and Prince Hods. Osman Pasha emphatically denies having encouraged the insurrection.

## ARCTIC COURTESIES.

LONDON, June 15.—The Standard says that government has informed the United States that the supplies and stores left in the Arctic regions by the expedition under Sir George Nares, are at the entire disposal of the expedition now in those regions.

## GREEN OUTAGES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 15.—Greek pirates continue to ravage the coast of Asia Minor. They have sacked the town of Akko. An Arab Yornal and El Yawab have been suspended for a month, and Vakite for a week.

## UTAH DEROGATIONS.

They Cry Out Against Polygamy.

SALT LAKE, UTAH, June 15.—The Territorial Democratic Committee adopted the following resolutions: "That it is the solemn duty of the Government to provide suitable laws for the suppression of polygamy in the Territories, and proper offices to enforce it. That the gigantic evil which has so long festered in sight of the seat of the Republican Convention and a part of the Republican administration shall cease." The Committee selected Allan G. Campbell to go as a delegate to Cincinnati to present the resolution and urge its insertion in the Democratic platform. They also sent a copy of the proceedings to Mr. Waterman, of the Louisville Journal, with the request that he aid Mr. Campbell by every means in his power.

## OUR SHORT CREEK LETTER.

Crop News—Harvest Upon Us—Poor Show for the West—Stations—Unfavorable of the People Among Candidates.

SHORT CREEK, June 14, 1880. Editors Intelligencer.

Since the first of the month we have been watching and hoping for rain. The drouth had become severe, and all crops were suffering. The continued showery weather we have been having in connection with warm weather induces a rank growth of vegetation.

The season this year is three weeks ahead of last. Harvest is upon us, and corn has not yet received its third plowing. It seems to be a race between the weeds and the corn. Both are growing rapidly. The older farmers tell us that weed land is best for corn as it necessitates frequent culture. If we had no weeds in our corn fields farmers would give us much cultivation as is needed. Thus we learn that even weeds are "blessed in disguise," and the old prediction respecting the earth "that thorns and thistles it shall produce for man's sake" is fully verified.

What which has been showing heads since the middle of May is now fully ripe, and will be in a few days. Several fields in neighborhood will be cut and in shock by the end of the week.

The oats and barley crops will be an average. They have both become an important crop with us, as the yield is larger than corn, and requires less labor to produce them. The prospects were never better than at present for a large crop of every kind of fruit.

The recent rains have come too late to be of benefit to the meadows. The hay crop in this neighborhood will be nearly, if not altogether a failure. I notice some have turned their stock in, and are pasturing them on the meadows.

Politics do not bother the farmer very much, but the result of the great gathering at Chicago last week was a complete surprise to us all. Everything seems to go on smoother, work seems really easier,

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